

Reproductive Health Policy

Purpose

Provide general guidance in the area of reproductive health which aligns with the mission of Astria Sunnyside Hospital and complies with RCW 09.160, WAC 246-320-370, & WAC 182-531-1550

Audience

Family Birth Center Staff Emergency Department Staff

Key Concepts and Terms

- <u>Emergency Contraception</u>: A Birth control method to prevent pregnancy in women
- <u>Sterilization</u>: Any medical procedure, treatment, or operation for the purpose of rendering a client permanently incapable of reproducing.
- <u>Tubal Ligation</u>: A form of Sterilization. Procedure where the fallopian tubes are cut or blocked to permanently prevent pregnancy.
- EDD: Estimated Date of Delivery

Policy

- Astria Sunnyside Hospital supports the hospital's obligations under WAC 246-320-370 for emergency contraception provisions for sexual assault victims. The Emergency Department (ED) must provide emergency contraception as a treatment option to any woman who seeks treatment as a result of a sexual assault. The Emergency Department provider must provide each patient with medically and factually accurate and unbiased written and oral information about emergency contraception per state law.
- If a patient seeks non-emergent medical care not offered at Sunnyside Community Hospital, staff will provide referral assistance to obtain the requested medical care.

- Tubal Ligations or bilateral salpingectomies are performed at Sunnyside Community Hospital under the following conditions.
 - The patient is at least eighteen years of age when consent form is signed.
 - The patient is a mentally competent individual
 - The patient has voluntarily given informed consent
 - The consent must be signed at least thirty days and not more than one hundred eighty days before the date of the sterilization procedure.
 - The physician must complete and sign the physician statement on the consent form within thirty days of the sterilization procedure.
 - A seventy-two hour waiting period rather than the usual thirty-day waiting period for sterilization is allowed in either of the following circumstances:
 - At the time of a premature delivery when the client gave consent at least thirty days before the expected date of delivery. (The EDD must be documented on the consent form)
 - For emergency abdominal surgery. (The nature of the emergency must be described on the consent form.)
 - The thirty day consent waiting period for sterilization will be waived when the patient requests that sterilization be performed at the time of delivery and completes a sterilization consent form only in the following circumstances:
 - Patient did not obtain medical care until the last month of pregnancy
 - Patient was a substance abuser during pregnancy, but is not using alcohol or illegal drugs at the time of delivery
 - Sterilization Consents will **NOT** be accepted when the patient is:
 - In labor or childbirth
 - Under the influence of alcohol or other substances, including pain medications for labor and delivery, that affects the client's state of awareness.
 - Patients who have previously signed consent for sterilization may change their mind at any time to not have the procedure

Family Birth Center	Heather Fryxell (Manager)	01/30/2017
4968	Carey Leeds (Clinic Physician), Cynthia Lewis (Chief Nursing Officer)	
Version :1	02/09/2018	Pages:

- If a patients states she does not want the procedure, the sterilization consent is to be considered voided.
 - If the patient later states that she does want sterilization procedure, a new sterilization consent should be completed and the required waiting period starts over.

Related Documents Collection Procedure Sexual Assault Exam Scope of Service Guidelines Family Birth Center

References

RCW 9.02 and WAC 246-320-370 WAC 182-531-1550 retrieved on 8-3-16 from http://apps.leg.wa.gov/wac/default.aspx?cite=182-531-1550

Family Birth Center	Heather Fryxell (Manager)	01/30/2017
4968	Carey Leeds (Clinic Physician), Cynthia Lewis (Chief Nursing Officer)	
Version :1	02/09/2018	Pages: